ALL STILL CONFIDENT AND CONTESTING EVERY

POINT VIGOROUSLY. Washington, Dec. 4.—The day before the battle for the Speakership is a most busy, anxious and exciting It was apparent that the reassuring estimates out by the friends of the respective candidates last night were based quite as much upon faith and nope as upon facts and knowledge, and every nerve has been strained to-day to verify and if possible t exceed them. Never before has such a contest been waged with hotter zeal and deadlier earnestness, not to bitterness; never before has Democrat attempted impeach the Democracy of brother Democrat, or to mirch his reputation, as he has done in this contest. may be the outcome, seeds of discord and dissension have been sown which will take root, grow and bear a bitter harvest before the coming session is weeks old. The attempt of some of Colonel Mills's partisans and newspaper organs to plead the sectional issue against the South and Judge Crisp, and the same issue in behalf of the East and Colonel Mills, is regarded as a serious mistake. It sounded rather odd to hear Democrats argue, as ne of them did to-day, that it would be disastrous to the Democratic party to elect a southern man from Georgia as Speaker, while it would be the height of political wisdom to elect a Southern man from Texas the same office. While the Crisp men deprecate the mising of the sectional issue against the South, which some of them ascribe to "some of the very

of the same issue against the West, and denounce it in Colonel Mills and Mr. Springer were both extremely toyed to-day by the publication of a story that the Sage of Corsicana had offered the Sangamon statesman consideration of his withdrawal from the race and support for the Speakership, the chairmanship of the Committee on Ways and Means, and that Mr. Springer had spurned the offer with righteous indignation. The story was promptly denied by Colonel Mills and his friends, and General Winston, of Chicago, who, it was asserted, had carried Mr. Springer's denial to the Texan, denied that he had done so. Singularly enough, the only persons why appeared to believe the story were Democrats. No Democrat, however high his reputation or eminent his services, escapes sus-picion; even Judge Holman does not. The mention of his name in any group of Democrats to day provoked significant nods and winks, and such remarks as this: "Oh, Holman is still on the fence, with a strong leaning toward Holman."

young men with Mugwump antecedents and tendencies"

In the Mills camp, the Springer men resent the raising

The Mills men were even more active than usual from an early hour this morning until a late hour tolight. Editor Jones, of St. Louis, flew hither and thither. Senator Carlisle held several long, secret conferences with the Sage of Corsicana in the course of the day. Senator-elect Vilas, of Wisconsin, also seems to feel that the fate of the Republic trembles in the balance, and that only the firm hand of Speaker Mills can keep it from tipping in the wrong direction. and while he is willing to pat Springer on the back and encourage him for the time being, it is only to keep him in good humor and smooth his pathway toward the Mills camp. Colonel William R. Morrison whom Springer is said to regard as his evil genius, has been exerting all his influence, which is y no means inconsiderable, to create a diversion in favor of Mills and at the expense of the Illinois candidate. It is said that he would have succeeded last night if it had not been for the inopportune arrival of Senator-elect Palmer, who plunged into the contest with all his energy, and "read the riot act" to

At the Springer headquarters all was life, cheerful-One of Mr. Springer's friends said: "He now holds the second place; he has more assured strength than Mills, and Mills's friends have been warned that if Springer should withdraw from the race Judge Crisp's nomination would immediately follow. Mr. Brechinridge's estimate is simply absurd. He gives Springer thirty-six votes, when we know that he has at least fifty-seven and probably as many as votes, and we do not believe that Colonel Mills has more than fifty certain votes."

Crisp men continued to declare that it would be simply impossible to stampede them or defeat the Georgian. They did not seem to be quite so confident of four-cen or fifteen votes from New-York as they were yesterday and some of them were disposed to reduce the estimate to twelve or thirteen votes. Late in the afternoon, however, the claim of fifteen votes for Crisp was renewed. There was some trouble, elso, about one of the South Carolina votes. The Crisp men, therefore, were kept busy watching their Southern front, as well as their Northern and Western lines. In the hotel corridors and other public places where bemeerate gathered, Crisp stock was firm, with an upward tendency.

At a late hour to-night the Mills men were in high feather. They claimed large gains both in the South and West and Jubiantly declared that Mills was already as good as elected. It appears settled that the four-teen Democrats from Wiscousin and Iowa will vote for Mills either on the first or second bailot. If the flinois men or a part of them desert Springer on the first ballot, the Iowa and Wiscousin men will do the same. At this hour the Indications point to the descrition of Springer by a majority of his Northwestern be simply impossible to stampede them or defeat the

their connected. Sugar along a solution of the correspondent: "We have ninety-three 'tronclad' votes. If Mr. McMillin should withdraw, we would receive eight of the votes which otherwise would be east for him, and if Colonel Hatch should likewise retire Judge Crisp's vote would swell to 108.7

THE REPUBLICAN AND ALLIANCE CAUCUS. Washington, Dec. 4 (Special).-The Republican Rep-sentatives will hold a caucus to-morrow evening at 7:30 o'clock in the hall of the House, if the Democratic cancus has adjourned by that time. If the hall is still occupied the Republicans will meet in the rooms of the House Committee on the Judiciary. The offipilmentary renomination. General Thomas J. Hen-derson, of Illinois, will preside over the caucus. The Alliance members have held several consulta-

tions on the Speakership question, but have not been able to agree upon a candidate. The Southern Alliance men, nearly all of whom were elected with assistance of Democrats, will go into the Democratic caucus and will be quite evenly divided between the two candidates from the South. The five Alliance members from Kansas have decided to keep out of the caucus.

REPORT OF THE REGISTER OF THE TREASURY.

Washington, Dec. 4.-General W. S. Rosecrans of some \$28,000,000 on deposit with the States, as \$691,527,403. There have been issued during the year bonds amounting to \$69,151,600, an increase of failure, and that \$46,000 of goods were under replevin. \$1,070,100 as compared with last year. Bonds were cancelled to the amount of \$172,256,450; an increase of \$081,250 compared with last year. There is a decrease in all holdings of bonds except in 4 per cent and Pacific Railroad bonds issued to the Treasurer of the United States in trust for National banks. The \$2,000,000. The grand total of detached and re- nand. deemed bond coupous received up to June 30 was \$1.198.013.075. The register renews and emphasizes some former recommendations for the establishment in his office of a division of balances.

ADMIRAL WALKER TO GO TO THE SOUTH AT-LANTIC.

Washington, Dec. 4 .- Secretary Tracy to-day issued an order detaching the Newark from the Squadron of Evolution and directing Admiral Walker to proceed at once with the Chicago, Atlanta and Bennington to the South Atlantic Station and assume command. The Newark will, it is expected, be placed in Admiral Gherardi's command as part of the North Atlantic Squadron. Admiral Walker's command will comprise five vessels—the Chicago, the Atlanta, the Bennington, the Yantic and the Essex.

THE FLEET ON THE ERIE CANAL.

Pultonville, N. Y., Dec. 4.—There are now thirty-three loaded boats on Sections 2 and 3 of the Eric Canal. They are bound for tidewater, and are being assisted by the State tug Edward Murphy, ir. The fleet will reach Albany by Sunday, unless a sudden change in the weather prevents.

PHELD THIALS IN NORTH CAROLINA.

Lexington, N. C., Dec. 4 (Special).—Owing to the heavy rain this morning there was no running in the Central Field Trials All Age Setter Stake. The weather clearing toward noon, a start was made near town. The dogs finished the afternoon's work and the second ies will be run. Those most likely to remain in are

DERBY DESKS

CHAIRS, OFFICE FURNITURE.

THE FIGHT NEARLY ENDED. Rupert, Harry C., Dolly Hill, Count Gladstone and Paul Bo. Daily Hunter and Orlando are the favorites

WHATA PASTOR SEES AND HEARS

ITEMS OF GENERAL INTEREST TO RELIGIOUS

PEOPLE. John G. Woolley, who was at one time District-Attorney of Minneapolis, and had an extensive law practice in that city, but lost everything save the love of his wire and children through strong drink, and is now seeking to save those who are similarly afficied, will be in this city for a week, beginning December 14. Dr. D. J. Burrell, of the Marble Collegiate Church, for many years pastor of Minneapolis, says: "I know John G. Woolley as a man of great power on the platform, and as a devoted Christian worker. Moreover, I esteem him personally as a man who has fought the beast of Ephesus and won honor." Mr. Moody thinks him a greater speaker than Gough. His address at the Christian Endeavor Convention thrilled the great audience. But besides his work on the platform, Mr. Woolley has established a home at Rest Island in the centre of Lake Pepin, about sixty miles from Minneapolis, which he says is not a "resort" or an "institution," but a sanctuary. "There are no lots for sale nor any private ends to gain, nor any interests to promote, save only His who offers rest to every weary and heavy-laden man with faith enough to come apart with Him awhile.

It has been noticed from the religious annou that the Rev. Dr. William M. Taylor, of the Broadway Tabernacle, has not preached for a month, but it is expected that he will resume his pulpit work within a couple of weeks. He has been troubled with his eyes for some little time, but they are much improved.

Those interested in the Gospel Mission to the Tembs will be pleased to know that Dr. Taylor has accepted the presidency of the Supervising Committee, succeed ing Dr. Howard Crosby. The committee provides regular preaching services on Sunday morning for the prisoners in the Tombs as well as missionary work during the week. Just now there is a debt of \$750, and in order to close the year free from embarans ment \$1,100 is needed by the committee. The treasurer of the committee is George E. Sterry, of No. 79 Pine-st.

Those who "enjoy" reading the "Imprecatory Psalms" and those who shudder at the fearful infectives contained in some of them will do well to attend the Baptist Ministers' Meeting next Monday morning, in the Tabernacle in Second-ave., when the subject will be opened with a paper from the Rev. W. W. Case, of Holmdel, N. J.

The Rev. Joseph D. Burrell, of Clinton, Iowa, who has been called to the pastorate of the Classon Avenue Presbyterian Church of Brooklyn, is expected to preach to-morrow. Mr. Burrell is a brother of Dr Burrell, of this city, a graduate of the Union Seminary, and though a young man is widely known as a preacher and student of the Scriptures. The American Tract Society has published a volume on the Sundayschool lessons for the coming year, prepared by the Burrell Brothers, whose initials by the way are the same, the elder being "D. J." and the younger "J. D.," though the initials do not stand for the same names. one being David James and the other Joseph Dunn.

The General Assembly decided last May to meet next year in one of two places, "as may be de termined by the committee empowered to decide, either in the First Presbyterian Church, Portland, Ore., or in the Second Presbyterian Church, Kansas City, Mo., the place of meeting to be determined three months before the time of meeting of the next General Assembly, by the following emmittee-the States Clerk, the Permanent Clerk and the Moderator." The committee consists of Dr. W. H. Roberts, of Lane Seminary; Dr. W. E. Moore, of Columbus, Ohio, and W. H. Green, of Princeton Seminary. Detroit the general feeling at Assembly should be held on the next Facific Coast, but the Kansas City church was ap pointed in case the way should not be clear for going further West. "The Evangelist" says that the Portfurther West. "The Evangenst says that the Por-land church, designated by the Assembly for the next meeting, is pinning for the Assembly by putting in galleries at a cost of \$20,000, but it expresses the opinion "that it is doubtful whether the decision to meet on the Pacific Coast would not endanger great and sucred interests," and advises that the meeting has beld in Express (fix and sacred interests," a be held in Kansas City

FLAMES IN THE PENNSYLVANIA STATION.

OLD AND NEW BUILDINGS DAMAGED TO THE AMOUNT OF \$20,000.

The old and partly demolished ferryhouse, the new and partly completed waiting room, the new train shed and new office building of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, in Jersey City, were damaged by fire to the amount of \$20,000 early yesterday morning. At 3:40 o'clock Policeman Helmer saw a flame shoot up from the frame building where the old baggage office was formerly, and he at once ran to fire box No. 81, but it was out of order. A few moments later the ferryboat Jersey City approached its slip on a trip blew the fire alarm whistle, landing, but as soon as two mail vans and the American News Company's wagon went ashore the boat

backed out of the slip with six teams on board.

In response to the alarm sounded by the whistles,
thirteen fire tugs steamed up to the station.

These boats had streams on the burning
building by the time the fire engines got to the station. The flames extended rapidly from the old buggage-room north and west, and set fire to the new five-story office building in Exchange Place. One-half of this building was destroyed. The new waiting-room is adjacent to the office building, and soon sparks set fire to the roof of the structure. Before the heat could damage the ironwork, the fire on the roof

was put out. The greatest damage done by the fire was in th office building. The offices of General Superintendent Jackson and Division Superintendent Crawford were burned out, and the rooms occupied by Chief Engineer burned out, and the rooms occupied by Cher Engineer. Brooks were also reduced to ruins. The train and ferry service was resumed at 6:35 p. m., and the Philadelphia express started but eight minutes late. The cause of the fire is not known, but it is generally believed to have been caused by an electric-light wire.

TROUBLES OF EUSINESS MEN.

Samuel Goldberg has been appointed receiver for Albright & Steindler, neckwear manufacturers at No. register of the Treasury, has submitted to the Secretary of the Treasury his annual report. He reports the balance in the Treasury June 30, 1890, inclusive examination of Mr. Steindler in supplementary proccedings showed that the firm had assigned outstanding accounts to the amount of \$25,000 before the

> Deputy Sheriff Tracy has closed up the place of business of M. Birnbaum & Co., manufacturers of trousers, at No. 317 Canal-st., on an execution for \$803 in favor of Joseph Goldberg.
>
> The sheriff has closed the store of the Andreas &

Conklin Tobacco Company, at No. 414 Bleecker-st., on unt of bonds held by foreigners has decreased an execution for \$637 in favor of Edward F. Ferdi-

John McQuade, contractor, of No. 1,328 Lexington ave., has brought suit against William Wharton, jr., & ave., has brought suit against William Wharton, jr., & Co., the Philadelphia contractors who are building the cable road for the Third Avenue Railroad Company, for \$79,000 for labor on the roadbed, trestles, bridges and trestle-work of the railroad company and its road bed, from Ann-st. to One-hundred-and-thirdeth-st. Mr. McQuade has filed a lien for \$79,000 against Wharton & Co.,, and also against the Third Avenue Railroad Company.

THE WORK OF TRAIN-WRECKERS.

Huntington, W. Va., Dec. 4,-An attempt was made yesterday to wreck the "Fast Flyer" Virginia passenger blivver in the Tombs Police Court yesterday. The train for Washington, D. C., near this point. The wreckers had wrapped a huge log chain about one of the court of the safe in the court of the court of the court of th the rails until it formed a great knot of steel with one end of the chain tied to a post that was driven between the rails. The obstruction was placed at a sharp turn, where it was impossible for the engineer to see it. A freight train came along in advance of the passenger train and ran into the obstruction. The engine of the that the coupons had been offered to them for freight was thrown from the rails and tore up the track before coming to a stop. Three of the cars tumbled

New-Bedford, Mass., Dec. 4.-Captain Smith, of the wrecked schooner Agnes Manning, arrived in this city this afternoon from Pasque Island with his mate and one sailor. He reported that the wreckers had placed a steam pump aboard the steamer south Portland and were busy discharging her cargo. Nothing had been cards, saying they were anxious to see him at once. done at noon toward wrecking the Manning. The wind had shifted to the southeast and was increasing.

Pepular "Innocence Abroad."

"Innocence Abroad" is having the largest sale of any parior game that has been issued for years. It is novel and full of fun.



THE COURTS.

NEARLY HALF A MILLION DEMANDED. SUIT OF THE GOVERNMENT AGAINST FOUR CON-TRACTORS.

Suit has been brought in the United States Circuit Court by Edward Mitchell, United States Attorney, in behalf of the Government, against John H. Mooney, Augustine M. Newton, Heman Clark and John O'Brien for \$421,430, with interest from May 12, 1891. On December 16, 1890, the complainant alleges, Major Charles J. Allen, of the Corps of Engineers, U. S. Army, received a bid from Messrs. Mooney and Newton, by which they agreed to furnish and to put in place certain works which were to be constructed in the harbor of Galveston, Tex., for \$3,048,280. On the same day Messrs. Clark & O'Brien entered into a guarantee, by which they stipulated that if Messrs. Mooney and Newton should not within ten days after the acceptance of the bid enter into a contract with the United States in accordance with the bid, and give proper sureties for the fulfilment of the contract, ssrs. O'Brien & Clark would pay to the plaintiff the difference between the bid of the other two defendants and that of the persons whom the Government should engage to do the work. This was in case the bid of the two defendants first named was lower than that of the persons to whom the contract should after Messrs. Newton and Mooney failed to enter into the

contract, and it was let to a firm in Dallas, Tex., which agreed to do the work for \$3,469,710. The Government therefore brings suit to recover the difference between the two bids. Mr. Mitchell is at home Ill, and his assistant, Maxwell Evarts, drew up the complaint.

CASES ARGUED IN THE COURT OF APPEALS. Albany, Dec. 4 .- In the Court of Appeals to-day th owing cases were argued.

following cases were argued.

George J. Axt, et al., respondents, agt. John F.

Shankey, appellant.

The United States National Bank, respondent, agt.
the National Park Bank of New York, appellant.

William Barry, respondent, agt. Orson Coville and
another, impleaded, etc., appellants.

Gates Thulheimer, appellant, agt. F. S. Klapetsky, et
al., respondents.

David Sreas, et al., respondents, agt. the Metropoll-n Elevated Railway Company and another, ap-

pellants.

Max 8. Korn, respondent, agt. the Metropolitan
Elevated Railway Company and another, appellants. Two cases.

Eliza Kohler et al., respondents, agt. John Linden-meyer, impleaded, etc., appellant. In the Second Division the following cases were

argued:
Pell Thompson, et al. respondents, agt the Manhattan Rallway Company and another, appellants.
John Dye, respondent, agt, the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Rallroad Company, appellants.
The First National Bank of Jersey City, appellant,
agt, Archibadi Lamon, impleaded, etc., respondent.
Johann Reichel, agt, the New-York Central Rallroad
Company, appellant.
Following am the day calendars for Monday, Decem-

Following are the day ca'endars for Monday, Decem First Division-Nos. 57, 92, 93, 173, 189, 197, 109 and 199.

and 199, Second Division—Nos. 528, 529, 530, 531, 537, 538, 540 and 541. BUSINESS TRANSACTED IN THE SUPREME COURT. Washington, Dec. 4.-The Supreme Court of the

United States transacted the following business to-day: No. 46-Alexander Moses, plaintiff in error, agt. the State of Mississippi. Dismissed with costs.
No. 1,087—The Fidelity and Casualty Company of New-York, plaintiff in error, agt. Milla Morris. Sub-

No. 118.-James H. Fisk, plaintiff in error, agt. D. V. B. Henarie et al. Argument continued. No. 119—The New-Orleans City and Lake Railroad Company, plaintiff in error, agt. the city of New-Orleans. Argument begun.

Adjourned until Monday at 12 o'clock. The day call will be as follows: Nos. 119, 1,115, 1,125, 1,208, 1,191, 1,296, 5 original, 1,026 and 48.

THE APPLETON REPRESENTATIVE IN LONDON. D. Appleten & Co. for the last fifty years have had a distributing office in London, will on the first day of January, 1892, open a new office in Bedford-st., Covent Garden, next door but one to Macmillan's. This street is now the headquarters of the book-publishing trade in London, and here dwell as near neighbors Chapman & Hall, J. B. Lippincott & Co., Frederick Warne & Co., formerly the foreign publishers of "Scribner's Magazine"; G. P. Putnam's Sons, William Heinemann, "The Catholic Tablet," and other well-known firms. The publishers seem to be gradually deserting Paternoster Row for the new centre in the Covent Garden district, but Harper Bros. still remain in Albemarlest., further west, where also the venerable house of

John Murray has stood for over half a century. The European representative of D. Appleton & Co. with headquarters in London, will be George W. Shel-don, who for the last decade has been on their editorial staff in New-York, and has recently brought out for them those sumptuous subscription "Art Serials." Mr. Sheldon was the valedictorian of his class at Princeton and served there as tutor; he was an active nember of the Sanitary Commission during the War of the Rebellion; was associate professor of Hebrew and the Oriental languages in the Union Theological Seminary with its late president, Roswell Hitchcock, LL. D.; filled the place of art editor in "The Evening Post" for six years, under the regime of William the Harper publications, being the author of their "History of New-York Volunteer Fire Department." For many years he supplied the column of personals in "Harper's Weekly" and "The Bazar." He is one of the charter members of the Authors, the Aldine and the New-York Fencers clubs He sails on the Aurania this morning.

STOLEN COUPONS FOUND AGAIN. A case involving the mysterious theft and equally mysterious recovery of six coupons of the New-York Central and the St. Louis and Chicago railroad companies was brought to the notice of Justice Divver in the Tombs Police Court yesterday. The office of J. M. Hill, produce merchant, at No. 232 Washington-st., was robbed of six coupons, worth \$240, and about \$15 in cash. Mr. Hill promptly reported the robbery to Inspector Byrnes. On Wednes day the Union Trust Company sent word to Mr. Hill negotiation through the Mechanics' Bank, of Brooklyn, and that they had sent them back to the bank. Mr. Hill at once went to the bank, where he was in formed by the teller that William Grady had brought the coupons to him to ascertain their value, and to whom they belonged. The bank sent the coupons in the usual way to the Union Trust Company, where it was found that they had been stolen, and the bank then returned them to Grady.

Meanwhile Mr. Peckham and Mr. Little, of the firm of Peckham, Little & Co., stationers, No. 56 This was Thursday morning.. Mr. Hill's clerk, know-





ing that his employer had gone to the Tombs Police Court to get a warrant for Grady's arrest, hurried there and informed Mr. Hill of the visit. Mr. Hill went immediately to No. 56 Reade-st., where he found Messrs. Peckham and Little, and learned the story of the mysterious finding of the stolen coupons.

It appears that on Tuesday last a man who occuied desk-room in the firm's place vacated the premises. The man had a small sign at the doorway, and when he went Mr. Peckham sent the office boy to remove this sign. In doing so he found behind the sign a small celluloid book within the folds of which were six coupons, which he at once took to Mr. Peckham, who gave them to Mr. Grady to as-certain their value.

PRICES IN THE MARKETS.

AS TO CANADIAN EGGS-SOUTHERN VEGETABLES -FISH AND GAME.

The high price of eggs, from 28 to 35 cents a dozen according to their supposed age, has made profitable again the business of shipping Canadian eggs to this city. The price below which the tariff of 5 cents a dozen forms a practical prohibition of Canadian eggs is about 19 cents at wholesale. The wholesale figure now averages about 25 cents a dozen. Consequently long pent up flood of Canadian eggs that have been held in icehouses across the border is flowing southward to the States. It is believed that the bulk of these ancient eggs are passed off on the public at about 30 cents a dozen. The housekeeper who passes over fresh, clean State eggs at 35 cents a dozen to take the cheaper product of Canadian farms makes serious mistake. An icehouse egg after being exposed to the air deteriorates rapidly. Few of them have een on the market less than a week when soid. In that time it is not saying too much to estimate that enough of the meat of the egg has evaporated through the shell to reduce its weight to a point where the purchaser is paying the same price she would have to pay for Long Island eggs, and instead of getting ar egg one week or ten days old she is buying one laid Red pineapples from Cuba are seen at the fruit

stores; they sell for 10 and 20 cents each. Jamaica "pines" can be had for the same money.

Southern vegetables are here to supply the vacuum left by the failing Northern crops of Long Island and New-Jersey. Charleston spinach costs 20 cents a half-peck; Norfo'k kale is worth 5 cents a head; from doors, which retails at 10 cents a head; Florida egg plants can be had for 50 cents each; South Carolina string and butter beans are 20 cents a quart, and Virginia sweet potatoes fetch \$1 a bushel, or \$2 and 22 25 a barrel. Irish potatoes are only a little cheaper than sweet potatoes. Hothouse tomatoes cost 60 cents pound; four heads of Boston hothouse lettuce cost 25 cents; radishes are 2 and 5 cents a bunch; a dozen roots of Rochester or Michigan celery sell for 50 cents; hothouse mushrooms cost \$1 10 a pound; Long

25 and 35 cents; fresh mackerel, 25 cents each; spanish mackerel, 40 cents a pound; sheepshead, 25 cents; salmon trout, 10 and 18 cents; whitebalt, 25 cents; columbia River salmon, 30 and 35 cents; green turtle, 18 cents, and Bve cels, 13 cents a pound.

Maryland Operation can be main in consington Market for 50 and 75 cents each. Western factrabolis, those "ships of the prairies," sell for 50 cents a point. Venison steaks cost 35 cents a pound for choice cuts. Bear steaks are worth 40 cents a pound.

OUTDOOR SPORT.

BOXING AND WRESTLING CHAMPIONSHIPS

The finals in the boxing and wrestling champion ships of the Amateur Athletic Union will be held at the Metropolitan Opera House to-night. Those qualified to take part in the various contests are as

follows:

Boxing—Bantam weight, 105 pounds—Hugh F.
Boyle, Pastline A. C., Elizabeth, N. J.; E. Moore, National A. C.; feather weight, 115 pounds—W. McNichol,
Illan A. C.; M. Mulroy, Brighton A. C.; B. Mullins,
West Side A. C.; A. Kelly, Varuna Boat Club; special
weight, 125 pounds—F. Tillistrand, West Side A. C.;
W. Welch, Clinton A. C.; light weight, 135 pounds—
F. Day, West Side A. C.; W. Ahdern, West Side A. C.;
W. Greenfield, Mohlean A. C., Newark; J. C. Moran,
Union A. C.; middle weight, 158 pounds—C. Kammer,
West Side A. C.; T. Featherston, Clipper A. C.; J. J.
Van Houten, West Side A. C.; M. McAniffe, Varuna
Boat Club; heavy weight—J. J. Dwyer, Pastime A. C.,
Elizabeth, N. J.; S. Mende, Varuna Boat Club;
Wrestling—Bantam weight, 105 pounds—F. Bertch, Boat Cinb, neavy weight, 105 pounds—F. Bertch, Wrestling—Bantam weight, 105 pounds—F. Bertch, Ashland A. C., Newark; H. J. Rode, Brooklyn A. C.; J. Kessler, Institute A. C., Newark; G. Pfortner, M. A. C.; feather weight, 115 pounds—F. Mueller, National T. V., Newark; E. Harris, St. George A. A.; M. J. Berger, Bjooklyn A. C.; R. S. Bahd, M. A. C.; Ilght weight, 135 pounds—W. Goss, Ashland A. C., Newark; M. Collins, National T. V., Newark; M. Bryer, Pastime A. C., N. Y.; A. Ullmann, Williamsurg A. A.; middle weight, 138 pounds—E. Theiss, Star A. C.; P. Von Boeckmap, St. George A. A.; J. Ryan, Star A. C.; O. Creamer, Star A. C.

DEATH OF A WELL-KNOWN RACE-HORSE. Eurus, who won many a hard-fought battle on the running turf, died at Chesterbrook Farm on Thursday. He was a Suburban winner, and was owned by A. J. Cassatt. Eurus was by Eolus, dam Magnetic He was a clever horse, and one of the best sons of Rolus, but he was erratic at times. Many good judges thought him at his best in his five-year-old form, when he ran in thirty-four races.

WORK OF THE BOARD OF REVIEW The fourth day's session of the Board of Review of th National Trotting Association was held at the Murray Hill Hotel yesterday. Most of the important cases had already been decided and judgment on all cases in which witnesses had to be called given. Yesterday was given up to wrestling with documentary cases, generally of minor interest. Most of the applications for reinstatement were

MR. WELLMAN'S EXPLANATION.

Assistant District-Attorney Wellman yesterday gave to a reporter the following explanation of why Thomas Bennett, the hackman, was allowed to esacpe after he gave perjured testimony in the trial of Michael J. Gnillmitted perjury when he left the witness stand, I had not proved his guilt to the jury by my witnesses. I wanted awfully to have him arrested on the spot, but after thinking the matter over, I decided that in common decency it would be wrong to do so. I concluded, and Recorder Smyth agrees with me, that such a step would have seriously prejudiced the defendant's case before the jury, and I do not think it a proper thing to do But before Bennett left the witness stand, I gave orders that he vis to be watched, and this was done. He was watched, but the next day he left his house unex pectedly and did not turn up there again that night. have since learned that he went off on a spree, probably with the money paid him for committing his crime. I think that the criticism of me is unjust and not warranted by the facts, and Recorder Smyth agree with me."

Bennett was recaptured because he foolishly came into court on Thursday while drunk. He has been committed to the Tombs for trial.

PRESIDENT LOW'S REPORT.

PROSPERTLY OF COLUMBIA COLLEGE.

THE COLLEGE OF PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS AND THE UNION THEOLOGICAL SEMINARY. The annual report of President Seth Low to the trustees of Columbia College, which has just been finished, shows that the institution is in a flourishing condition. By the acquisition of the property of the College of Physicians and Surgeons, which is now a co-ordinate part of Columbia, under control of the president, Mr. Low says that the estate of Columbia was increased by \$1,652,850. The addition is divided as follows: Land, \$450,000; college buildings, inhoratories and furniture, \$384,000; Vanderbilt clinic, \$200,000; Sloane Maternity Hospital, \$225,000; endowment of the Sloane Maternity Hospital, \$250,000; Harsen fund, \$29,000; Stevens fund, \$850; McClelland fund, \$19,000; general fund, \$85,000. In addition to this the Vanderbilt Clinic has a special endowment fund of \$100,000.

Last May the Da Costa bequest of \$100,000 was paid into the college treasury. It will be used to create a department of biology for Columbia. Twenty thousand dollars has been set aside for the erection of a Da Costa Laboratory of Biology, and \$80,000 for the endowment of the Da Costa chair of biology. The laboratory will be built on the ground acquired by the laboratory will be built on the medical school. The union of the college with the medical school. The McClelland bequest of \$19,000 and money from the treasury will be added to the fund for the proper equip ment of the new department. Dr. Henry Fairfield Osborn, of Princeton, will be the first professor of He will begin his duties on January 1. Dr biology. Bashford Dean will be instructor. Professor E. B. Wilson will have charge of the invertebrate zoology. Successful efforts have also been made, the report says, to bring about closer relations with the American Museum of Natural History.

A large part of the report is devoted to a detailed explanation of the reciprocal relations entered into with the Union Theological Seminary. The new agreement was made on June 8 and the faculty of the seminary have changed the hours of recitation so that the students may take advantage of the opportunities offered by Columbia. Henceforth Columbia is to admit without fee to certain lectures students of the seminary recommended by the faculty. Columbia is also to accept as part of the equipment for the degree of Doctor of Philosophy certain work done in the seminary. The main part of the work for the degree alone must be done in Columbia. A member of the faculty of the seminary is also to sit with the University Council. Union Theological Seminary is also to admit in turn such students of the senior class and in the graduate department of Columbia as are recommended by President Low for certain lectures.

Five grades of teachers have been established, as follows: Professor, adjunct professor, instructor, tutor and assistants. In the lower grades all appointments and assistants. In the lower grades all appointments are for one year, and the salary is attached to the grade. Instructors are appointed at \$1,600, and, if reappointed, the salary increases \$100 per annum up to \$2,000. Tutors are appointed at \$1,000, and, if reappointed, the salary increases \$100 per annum up to \$1,500. Assistants receive \$500 each year.

The total amount of the cash gifts to the college for the year was \$123,248 83. More than 15,000 volumes have been added to the library. There were 1,748 students during the year, while there were only 1,601 in the preceding year.

The reports of the heads of the various departments of the college are equally encouraging.

PLANS FOR THE CONSULAR DINNER. "All the arrangements for the second annual dinner

of the consular corps of New-York, to be held at Sherry's at 7 o'clock on Saturday evening, are complete," said Paul d'Abzac, Consul-General of France, to a reporter who called at the French Consulate yesterday afternoon. "The dinner has been arranged by committee composed of A. Baldesano, Consul-General of Spain; A. Glarovsky, Consul-General of Russia, and myself. Only members of the corps will be presen The dinner will be an excellent one and I think that thirty-two men will be present. A number of informal coasts will be drunk about 9 o'clock, and speeches in English, Spanish and French will be made. The committee has not designated any one to act as toastmaster or to make speeches. All remarks will be en tirely voluntary and will be called forth by the cirumstances of the occasion.

"The idea of having these dinners originated with J. G. Navarro, Consul-General of Mexico; W. Lane Booker, Consul-General of Great Britain, and another man. Among those of the consular corps who have subscribed to the dinner are: Argentine Republic F. L. de Castro; Austria-Hungary, Anton von Palitscheck; Belgium, Charles Mali, Pierre Mali; Brazil, Arthur T. de Macedo; Chili, J. R. de la Espriella; China, Sheen Woon; Colombia, Climaco Calderon; Costa Rica, C. A. Delgado; Denmark, Henri M. Braem; A few stray shad, picked up by pempano fishermen in Southern waters, were seen in Fulton Market this week. The roes sold for \$1 each and the bucks for 75 cents. Canada and Maine smills cost 15 and 25 cents; frozen cod, 7 cents, and live cod, 8 cents; striped bass, 25 and 35 cents; fresh mackerel, 26 cents each; spanish mackerel, 40 cents a pound; sheepshead, 25 cents; salmon trout, 16 and 18 cents; whitebalt controls of the salmon trout, 20 cents; whitebalt controls of the salmon trout, 25 cents cents; whitebalt controls of the salmon trout, 25 cents; whitebalt controls of the salmon trout, 25 cents cents; whitebalt controls of the salmon trout, 25 cents cents; whitebalt controls of the salmon trout, 25 cents; whitebalt controls of the salmon trout, 25 cents cents; whitebalt controls of the salmon trout, 25 cents cents; whitebalt controls of the salmon trout, 25 cents cents cents and 25 cents; and 25 cents; and 25 cents cents are salmon trout, 25 cents cents and 25 cents; and 25 ce

Episcopal Church, in One-hundred-and-eighteenth-st., near Second-ave., to-morrow morning, in celebration of the payment of the mortgage of \$24,000 held against the property. Bishop Newman will conduct the morning services, after which the mortgage will be burned. Through the efforts of the Rev. Dr. Thomas H. Burch the minister, the amount required to pay the mortgage has been raised, the last dollar being paid on November 1. There will be a special service of the Sunday-school at 2:15 p. m., at which former superintendents and ministers of the church will take part. The Rev. Dr. J. M. Buckley will preach in the evening. The music will be a special feature, and a quartet composed of Charles R. Burch, Mrs. Annie M. Burch and Mr. and Mrs. Mark H. Burch will be assisted by the Trinity Choral Union.

BOSTON LEARNING FROM NEW-YORK

Commissioner Brennan received a letter yesterday from Street Superintendent Carter, of Boston, asking to be informed how New-York manages to get \$1,300 a week for the old bones and other desirable refuse found at the city dumps. Mr. Carter writes that he fins been unable to obtain any revenue from Boston's "scow-trimming," and asks for the addresses of some opulent Italian bone-dealers in this city who might be induced to bid for the privilege of trimming the Hub's dumps. •Mr. Brennan replied, sending the names of several well-known Italian-American bone firms.

DISPUTING OVER A BIBLE.

Various religious denominations have representatives at the Barge Office, among them Father Geyer, who looks after the welfare of the German Catholics; the Rev. Mr. Simons, who distributes Methodist tracts, and Mr. Jackson, who is agent for the American Bible Soci cty. The representative of each denomination is sup ed to look after the welfare of its own people. Yes terday, however, a religious contreversy arose. ackson gave a German Catholic girl a Protestant Bible Father Geyer saw it, and told her it was a Protestan Bible. "Then," said the girl, "I don't want it." and she gave it to Father Geyer. Mr. Jackson demanded the Bible, and was supported in his demand by the Rev. Mr. Simons. Father Geger refused to give it up



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saying that it had been given to the girl, and she had given it to him. The case was then appealed to Calend Weber, who will decide who owns the Bible. FIGHTING THE BIG LOTTERY.

SUBSCRIPTIONS COMING IN-MORE URGENTLY The committee appointed to receive funds in *

sponse to the appeal from Louisiana for help in the struggle against the lottery acknowledge the recept of the following amounts. They urgently appeal to fund. The cause is vitally important, and the necessities immediate. Remittances may be made to 6.6. Williams, treasurer, at the Chemical National Bank.

The committeemen are Abram S. Hewitt, No. 17 Bank. Mng Slip; Morris K. Jesup, No. 54 William-st.; Spence Trask, No. 15 Broad-st.; G. G. Williams, Chemical National Bank.

The subscriptions to date are: Seth Low
Derwin R. James
Adriar Iselin
Abram (Hewite
A. H. D. Haven
Amos R. Eno.
E. H. Johnson
Alanson
Trask
Morris K. Jesup
J. B. C.

fund by General Johnston:

Charles B. Spahr.
D. S. Gray
Charles B. Spahr, for Chickering Hali
R. W. Gilder, for Chickering Hali
Silas H. Pa'ne

THE ANDREWS SETTLEMENT NOT COMPLETED. The compromise between Wallace C. Andrews and the directors of the Standard Gus Company, the terms of which were settled on Tuesday, was not brought w completion yesterday, as had been expected. The papers were ready for signature, it was said, but be some reason, nothing was done. It was said, however,

that there was no hitch in the plans for a settlement and that the papers would be signed at a meeting to The terms of settlement were indicated in The Trib une last Wednesday. They may now be more spe cifically stated to be as follows: Mr. Andrews will be turn to the treasury of the company common stock to the amount of about \$1,700,000, instead of the \$1,000,000 which he had declared was all that remained in his possession; Mr. Andrews and the New-York Steam Company will transfer to the Gas Company real estate valued at about \$500,000; the estates of General Fran

cis B. Spinola and Joseph A. Monheimer will pay sum considerably in excess of the \$125,000 each which in Spinola and Mrs. Monheimer had agreed to contribute Altogether, the stock and real estate to 5e transferre to the Gas Company will amount to about \$3,000,000. THIS LOOKS LIKE TAMMANY FAVORITISM. Commissioner Gilroy has so far modified his order quiring work on the cable roads to cease on Dece 10 as to allow the Broadway cante contractor, Jenn 2 Crimmins, to go on until his contract is complete This, the Commissioner said, was because there me nothing of consequence to be done except a samount of street-paving. The case of the Thirdene cable road, however, Mr. Gilroy said was different, as to allow Mr. Wharton, the contractor there, to prove during the winter months would greatly embarries traffic on the thoroughfare. This was because so made remained to be done on Third-ave., which would require the street to be kept torn up. The December is

quire the street to be kept torn up. The December is rule would therefore be enforced on the East side.

To the casual observer this may look like favorities, but, of course, the fact that Mr. Crimmins is a high Tammany "muck-a-much," while Mr. Wharton is a high publican, can have nothing to do with it.

HE NEGLECTED HIS BUSINESS WHILE DRUYS. John P. Hassan, a letter carrier of No. 238 West Pifteenth-st., who is attached to Station E, at Twenty-eighth-st. and Seventh-ave., got druhk at an excellingly inopportune time on Tuesday. He left the station at 3.40 p. m. on that day with a bag of isster which he was to deliver. He returned to the office at 6:15 o'clock, and threw the bag in a corner. It was evident that he had been drinking heavily, and one of his companions picked up the bag and fend it full of letters. Hassan had delivered only a few of the batch which he had taken gut.

George W. Beavers, Postoffice Inspector in charge, made a complaint agains the carrier, who was arrested on a charge of delaying the mails. Commissions Shields held the man in \$500 ball for examination on Morday at 2 p. m. if convicted, Hassan may be imprisoned for one year and fined \$500. Fifteenth-st., who is attached to station E, at Twenty

in Alfred Dolgo felt shoes and slippers.
4 Co., No. 44 East Fourteenth-st., Union Square.